



## UNC CFAR Social and Behavioral Science Research Core SABI Database

### **INSTRUMENT TITLE:**

HIV-KQ-18 (Malay Version): HIV Knowledge Questionnaire (Malay Version)

### **SOURCE ARTICLE:**

Saddki, N., Sulaiman, Z., Abdullah, S., Zakaria, N., Mohamad, N., Ab Razak, A., & Zainan Abidin, Z. (2016) HIV-related knowledge among people living with HIV/AIDS in Kelantan, Malaysia, *Journal of HIV/AIDS & Social Services*, 15:2, 216-233

### **POPULATION:**

HIV-positive, patients

### **RESPONSE OPTIONS:**

“True”, “False”, and “Don’t Know”

### **SCORING:**

Correct responses were scored as “1” and incorrect responses as “0.” The “don’t know” responses were regarded as incorrect and scored as “0.” A total individual score could range from 0 to 18; the higher the score suggests better knowledge.

### **TERMS OF USE:**

Individuals may use this information for research or educational purposes only and may not use this information for commercial purposes. When using this instrument, please cite:

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### **SURVEY ITEMS:**

Please see attached for formatted version (in both English and Malay)

### **RELIABILITY INFORMATION:**

Cronbach's  $\alpha = 0.78$

### **VALIDITY INFORMATION:**

Convergent Validity

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### HIV-KQ-18

Untuk setiap pernyataan berikut, sila bulatkan jawapan anda sama ada "Betul" (B) , "Salah" (S), atau "Tidak Tahu" (TT). Jika anda tidak tahu tolong jangan teka, sebaliknya, sila bulatkan "TT"

|   | Betul | Salah | Tidak Tahu |
|---|-------|-------|------------|
| 1. Batuk dan bersin TIDAK menyebarkan HIV.  | B     | S     | TT         |
| 2. Seseorang boleh dijangkiti HIV melalui berkongsi segelas air dengan penghidap HIV.   | B     | S     | TT         |
| 3. Menarik keluar zakar sebelum lelaki mencapai puncak syahwat dapat menghindarkan wanita daripada dijangkiti HIV melalui hubungan seks.        | B     | S     | TT         |
| 4. Seseorang wanita boleh dijangkiti HIV jika melakukan hubungan seks anal (melalui dubur) dengan lelaki.                                       | B     | S     | TT         |
| 5. Mandi atau membasuh kemaluan/bahagian sulit selepas melakukan hubungan seks dapat menghindarkan seseorang daripada dijangkiti HIV.           | B     | S     | TT         |
| 6. Semua wanita hamil yang dijangkiti HIV akan melahirkan bayi yang mempunyai AIDS.   | B     | S     | TT         |
| 7. Orang yang dijangkiti HIV akan dengan cepat menunjukkan gejala jangkitan yang teruk.   | B     | S     | TT         |
| 8. Terdapat vaksin yang boleh menghalang orang dewasa daripada dijangkiti HIV.  | B     | S     | TT         |
| 9. Seseorang mungkin dijangkiti HIV melalui ciuman dalam, iaitu memasukkan lidah ke dalam mulut pasangan, jika pasangan tersebut menghidap HIV. | B     | S     | TT         |
| 10. Seseorang wanita tidak boleh dijangkiti HIV jika melakukan hubungan seks semasa haid.   | B     | S     | TT         |
| 11. Terdapat kondom wanita yang boleh membantu mengurangkan peluang wanita dijangkiti HIV.  | B     | S     | TT         |
| 12. Penggunaan kondom semasa hubungan seks boleh mencegah jangkitan HIV.  | B     | S     | TT         |
| 13. Seseorang TIDAK akan dijangkiti HIV jika berada dalam tempoh pengambilan antibiotik.  | B     | S     | TT         |
| 14. Melakukan hubungan seks dengan lebih daripada seorang pasangan boleh meningkatkan peluang seseorang itu dijangkiti HIV.                     | B     | S     | TT         |
| 15. Melakukan ujian HIV seminggu selepas melakukan hubungan seks akan menunjukkan jika seseorang itu telah dijangkiti HIV.                      | B     | S     | TT         |
| 16. Seseorang boleh dijangkiti HIV melalui duduk di dalam tab air panas atau kolam renang dengan seseorang yang menghidap HIV.                  | B     | S     | TT         |
| 17. Seseorang boleh mendapat HIV melalui hubungan seks oral (melalui mulut).  | B     | S     | TT         |
| 18. Penggunaan Vaseline atau minyak bayi bersama dengan kondom dapat merendahkan peluang dijangkiti HIV.  | B     | S     | TT         |

### HIV-KQ-18 Item

- Coughing and sneezing DO NOT spread HIV. (T)  
 A person can get HIV by sharing a glass of water with someone who has HIV. (F)  
 Pulling out the penis before a man climaxes/cums keeps a woman from getting HIV during sex. (F)  
 A woman can get HIV if she has anal sex with a man. (T)  
 Showering, or washing one's genitals/private parts, after sex keeps a person from getting HIV. (F)  
 All pregnant women infected with HIV will have babies born with AIDS. (F)  
 People who have been infected with HIV quickly show serious signs of being infected. (F)  
 There is a vaccine that can stop adults from getting HIV. (F)  
 People are likely to get HIV by deep kissing, putting their tongue in their partner's mouth, if their partner has HIV. (F)  
 A woman cannot get HIV if she has sex during her period. (F)  
 There is a female condom that can help decrease a woman's chance of getting HIV. (T)  
 Using condom during sex prevents a person from getting HIV.\* (T)  
 A person will NOT get HIV if she if he is taking antibiotics.(F)  
 Having sex with more than one partner can increase a person's chance of being infected. (T)  
 Taking a test for HIV one week after having sex will tell a person if she or he has HIV. (F)  
 A person can get HIV by sitting in a hot tub or a swimming pool with a person who has HIV. (F)  
 A person can get HIV from oral sex. (T)  
 Using Vaseline or baby oil with condoms lowers the chance of getting HIV. (F)

Notes. Correct answers appear in parentheses (T = true; F = false).

\*Added item for Malay version of HIV-KQ-18.

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